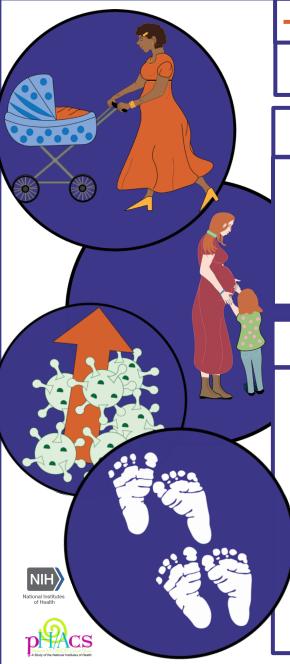
ARVs and Early Birth in Women in SMARTT with Multiple Pregnancies

- **Previous studies suggest a connection** between some HIV medications and risk of premature (early) birth.
- We wanted to see if among women with multiple pregnancies, there was a connection between babies being born premature, and use of newer medications, such as integrase inhibitors.



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— | WHO PARTICIPATED | —

 736 women in SMARTT with more than one child enrolled at birth.

— | WHAT WE DID |

- We looked at viral load and CD4 count of mothers with HIV who had multiple pregnancies. We focused on the time during pregnancy and shortly after birth.
- We also looked at the association between use of HIV medications and premature births in mothers with multiple pregnancies.

— | WHAT WE FOUND

- While most women in our study had suppressed viral load late in pregnancy, many had higher (detectable) viral loads early in their next pregnancy.
- The women who took protease or integrase inhibitors in their first trimester were more likely to give birth early. We don't know exactly why.
- **We need more research** to look at these medications and the risk for premature birth.
- It is also important to support mothers in their adherence to HIV medication after pregnancy.

O'Brien BE, Williams PL, Huo Y, et al. Repeat Pregnancies Among US Women Living With HIV in the SMARTT Study: Temporal Changes in HIV Disease Status and Predictors of Preterm Birth. J Acquir Immune Defic Syndr. 2020;85(3):346-354. PMID: 32701825